

# MUSEUM FÜR MUSIKAUTOMATEN SEEWEN SO

Sammlung Dr. h.c.  
Heinrich Weiss-Stauffacher

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## Museum of Music Automatons

Following its opening in 1979 the Museum of Music Automatons was initially run as a private museum. It became a state institution in 1990 when its founder Dr. h.c. Heinrich Weiss-Stauffacher and his daughter Susanne Weiss donated both the museum and its collection to the Swiss Confederation. The origins of the museum's collection go back further, however. Heinrich Weiss began collecting timepieces at the age of twelve. He began adding Swiss wind-up music boxes, disc music boxes and many other mechanical music automatons in the early 1950s. Weiss says that this enthusiasm was based on a particular incident: "I spotted a Swiss music box in a shop in Basel and was shown how it worked. I was in a position to purchase it. The idea occurred to me to do more than only collect timepieces: I could also move into another typical Swiss product, namely the music box. I visited the National Museum in Zurich, but found only one music box and thought: there's my chance."

## Collection

On its donation in 1990, the collection – originally consisting of 400 objects and 6000 music rolls and other such media – was initially administered by the Swiss National Museum, but remained at the Museum of Music Automatons when the latter came under the wing of the Federal Office of Culture in 2008.

The collection contains internationally important collections of Swiss wind-up and disc music boxes, clocks and jewellery with integrated musical mechanisms, as well as other mechanical music automatons from Switzerland and reference mechanisms from other countries from the 18th century to the present day. The museum's holdings can be categorized into various groups of objects, showing the diversity of the collection.

- Musical boxes (phonograph music boxes, gramophone music boxes, railway station musical boxes), musical boxes (other mediums)
- Jewellery with musical mechanisms (musical jewellery, boxes with musical mechanisms)
- Automatons/androids (automatons, animated scenes, animated pictures)
- Musical clocks and clocks without music
- Singing bird automatons (singing bird boxes, singing bird cages)
- Souvenirs/novelties with musical mechanisms, musical pictures
- Self-playing organs (flute mechanisms, serinettes/chamber organs, player organs, organettes/mechanical reed organs, barrel organs, fairground organs, dance organs)
- Self-playing pianos
- Orchestrions
- Phonographs, gramophones, jukeboxes
- Self-playing musical instruments (self-playing zithers, accordions, harmonicas)
- Tools and machines
- Music rolls and other storage mediums

The collection has experienced a steady expansion since 1990 in accordance with the intention of its founder: it currently comprises some 1400 objects and 12,000 music rolls and audio media. It received a boost in 2006 through the acquisition of related objects – phonographs, gramophones and jukeboxes – from the Kornhaus Burgdorf Foundation, which was dormant. Acquisitions will continue to be made and donations accepted provided that they meet the criteria of Swiss provenance, quality, transparency of origin and value for money.

The aim of the collecting activities is to document the wind-up and disc music boxes, clocks and jewellery and corresponding technical innovations produced in the Jura region and which captured the world's imagination for more than a century. These objects illuminate an aspect of Switzerland's industrialisation that became one of the country's major export drivers in the 19th and early 20th centuries.

### **A living tradition in the Jura Arc**

Located at about 610 metres above sea level in the Schwarzbubenland region of the Jura in Canton Solothurn, the Museum of Music Automats is accordingly also a popular destination for visitors in this north-western part of Switzerland. An extension, built to meet the requirements of a modern museum and doubling the exhibition space, opened in 2000.

Highlights of the institution's history include its donation to the Swiss Confederation in 1990, the ground-breaking ceremony (in the presence of Federal Councillor Otto Stich on 14 September 1995) and inauguration (in the presence of Federal Councillor Ruth Dreyfuss on 25 March 2000) of the extension, and the discovery of the history of the museum's Welte Philharmonie organ, which restoration work in 2007 revealed to be the long-lost organ of the ill-fated ocean liner Britannic, the younger sister ship of the equally ill-fated Titanic. This "Britannic" organ remains one of the main attractions of the museum.



**Exterior view**



**Britannic Organ**



**Restaurant**

## **Preserving Cultural Heritage**

Switzerland ratified the UNESCO Convention for the Safeguarding of the Intangible Cultural Heritage in 2008. Recent years have seen several "living traditions" presented to the UNESCO and subsequently inscribed on the list of the intangible cultural heritage of humanity. On 21 March 2019 the craftsmanship of watchmaking was presented in this context. It is significant that the candidature did not remain narrowly defined in terms of its theme, but explicitly included the artisanal crafts of music box and automaton making. It was also submitted as a bi-national candidature of Switzerland and France. Finally, on 16 December 2020, the "craftsmanship of mechanical watchmaking and art mechanics" were inscribed by UNESCO on the Representative List of the Intangible Cultural Heritage of Humanity, thus honouring a living tradition that characterises the region of the Swiss-French Jura Arc and underlining the importance of cultural heritage in a cross-border setting. Watchmaking in Switzerland today is a modern sector of industry with international appeal. However, it is still based almost exclusively on manual craftsmanship, which is particularly visible in the production of automatons and music boxes in Sainte-Croix and other places. Production in Sainte-Croix has maintained its status as an artisanal, manual craft to this day and enjoys great esteem, which is why the close link between watchmaking and the production of music automatons is recognised and emphasised in the UNESCO candidature. Being dedicated to preserving and imparting knowledge of this craft, the Museum of Music Automatons is therefore of greater relevance today than it has ever been.

That said, the Museum of Music Automatons is not just a technical museum devoted to preserving and mediating the hardware involved: it also looks at the music and the history. Even then, merely emphasising the technical, musical and historical aspects of the exhibits would not do them justice, because the automatons, in particular, also have a playful, theatrical side, which the museum showcases on its guided tours. The consequence of this diversity is that the Museum of Music Automatons does not slot easily into the museum landscape – a privilege, but also a challenge.

## **Museum building**

The museum building has four storeys. The ground floor houses the museum itself, which is open to the general public; it consists of four air-conditioned exhibition rooms. The spacious foyer, museum shop and museum restaurant are freely accessible. The foyer lends itself to events and concerts, which take place on a regular basis. The mezzanine floor houses administrative offices, a meeting room, a library and a photographic studio. The upper floor is home to our in-house restoration workshop, and the basement level houses objects that are not currently exhibited in a cultural preservation room with optimal climatic conditions. The museum's library is available on request to institutions and the general public. The library is the visible part of a scientific centre of excellence, of which the Museum of Music Automatons is part. The museum collaborates with universities, experts and specialists by making the technical, curatorial and conservation knowledge of its staff available.

### **Special exhibitions and anniversary exhibition**

The Museum of Music Automats holds special exhibitions of items in its own collection at regular intervals. Recent years have seen individual aspects of the collection highlighted: phonographs and gramophones; jukeboxes; Swiss wind-up and disc music boxes; watches and jewellery with musical mechanisms; orchestrions, piano and organ instruments.

### **Special exhibition from 19 September 2024 to 30 November 2025**

#### **MAGIC PIANO**

#### **The golden age of piano playing and its self-playing marvels – rediscovered!**

The “Magic Piano” special exhibition at the Museum of Music Automats is a celebration of self-playing pianos – and the museum’s two-decade research collaboration with the Bern Academy of the Arts (HKB).

## Further information about the Seewen Museum of Music Automats, Canton Solothurn

**Address:** Museum of Music Automats  
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**Opening hours:** Tuesday to Sunday 11 a.m. to 6 p.m.

The entire museum is wheelchair accessible.

Groups on a guided tour can also visit the museum outside these opening hours before 11 a.m. or until 8 p.m.

Admission includes participation in the guided tours which are conducted daily and during which music automats are explained and demonstrated.

**Daily guided tours:**

12:20, 13:40, 15:00, 16:20

Families, groups, military, AHV/IV recipients, apprentices and students receive discounted admission.

Free admission for children below the age of 6, ICOM card holders, Swiss Museum Pass holders, Museum-PASS-Musées holders, Raiffeisen Switzerland personal credit card holders, Friends of the National Museum Zurich, Society of Prangins Museum members and Society of the Seewen Museum of Music Automats (GMS) members.

Free admission for primary and lower secondary school classes, which also benefit from a special guided tour or workshop (by prior arrangement).

There is a PostBus stop just outside the museum: "Seewen SO, Musikautomaten". If alighting at "Seewen SO, Zelgli", it's a 10-minute (signposted) walk to the museum. Coach and car parking is available in front of the museum.

The **museum shop** is open Tuesdays to Sundays between noon and 5.30 p.m.

The **museum restaurant** with outdoor terrace can accommodate groups. Enquiries and bookings: +41 (0)61 911 14 00 or email: museum-restaurant-seewen@bluewin.ch.